

36107 to 36121—Continued.**36120. ZEA MAYS L.****Corn.**

"(No. 1887a. Peking, China. July 18, 1913.) The ordinary flint maize as sold in the markets and in the grain shops of Peking. Chinese name *Yu mi*."

36121. COLOCASIA sp.**Taro.**

"(No. 23b. Peking, China. June 23, 1913.) A small dry-land dasheen much esteemed by the Chinese as a vegetable, either boiled or served stewed with fish. Chinese name *U-to*."

"This dasheen, or taro, is of the same type as the other North China and most of the Japanese varieties previously introduced, and is not of high quality." (R. A. Young.)

36122 to 36124.

From Chile. Collected by Mr. W. F. Wight, of the Bureau of Plant Industry. Received May 7, 1913.

36122. ESCALLONIA PULVERULENTA (Ruiz and Pavon) Persoon.

"(No. 45. Concepcion, Chile.) A tree about 25 feet high, which, as it withstands considerable dry weather, may prove of value in the Southwest." (Wight.)

"An evergreen shrub 10 to 12 feet high, with downy, viscid, varnished branchlets. Leaves very viscid, oblong, with a rounded end and tapering base; 2 to 4 inches long, three-fourths inch to 1½ inches wide; finely toothed, bristly hairy on both surfaces, the upper one with a varnished appearance. Flowers white, densely crowded on slender, cylindrical racemes, 4 to 9 inches long, three-fourths to 1 inch through; sometimes branched at the base.

"Native of Chile, introduced early in the nineteenth century, but now uncommon. It is not hardy in any but our warmest districts, although in colder ones it may live and thrive for many years on a wall. From all the other white-flowered escallonias in cultivation, this is readily distinguished by its long, slender racemes." (W. J. Bean, *Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles*, vol. 1, p. 530.)

36123. AEXTOXICON PUNCTATUM Ruiz and Pavon.**Palo muerto.**

"(No. 48. Lago Villarica, Chile.) *Tecke (tique)*. A tree sometimes reaching a height of 40 feet or more. The foliage resembles that of the *Elaeagnus*, although of a darker green. It is widely distributed in southern Chile and seems to thrive almost equally well in the dry summers of Concepcion and the moist climate of Chiloe. It perhaps reaches its greatest development in the Province of Valdivia." (Wight.)

36124. (Undetermined.)

"(No. 49.) An ornamental vine with foliage resembling smilax. The flowers had fallen, but they are evidently borne in large clusters, and there is little doubt that this will prove an exceedingly attractive vine." (Wight.)

36125 to 36127. AMYGDALUS PERSICA L.**Peach.**

Plants grown at the Chico (Cal.) Field Station.

Quoted notes by Mr. Peter Bisset.

36125. "*Sutter Creek* on common peach, P. I. G. No. 5537. A peach of large size and good quality; ripens a little later than the well-known Elberta, which it resembles. Its chief value, however, is its remarkable resistance to peach leaf-curl."